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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/782,098	02/19/2004	Carmen Flosbach	FA1224USNA	4752
23906 7590 07/18/2007 E I DU PONT DE NEMOURS AND COMPANY LEGAL PATENT RECORDS CENTER			EXAMINER	
			SERGENT, RABON A	
	ARLEY MILL PLAZA 25/1128 417 LANCASTER PIKE		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
WILMINGTON	N, DE 19805		1711	
				FM-L-11
	• .		MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			07/18/2007	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

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·	A	pplication No.	Applicant(s)			
		0/782,098	FLOSBACH ET AL.			
Office Action Summa	ary E	xaminer	Art Unit			
		abon Sergent	1711			
The MAILING DATE of this co Period for Reply	ommunication appear	's on the cover shee	et with the correspondence address			
WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM - Extensions of time may be available under the pafter SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of	THE MAILING DATE provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a) this communication. Eximum statutory period will a d for reply will, by statute, cau months after the mailing date.	E OF THIS COMMI). In no event, however, m pply and will expire SIX (6) ise the application to becor	ay a reply be timely filed MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. me ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•					
1) Responsive to communication	n(s) filed on <u>23 April</u>	<u>2007</u> .				
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL.	This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.					
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the	e practice under Ex p	arte Quayle, 1935	C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.			
Disposition of Claims						
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,4,7 and 10</u> is/are p	ending in the applica	ation.				
4a) Of the above claim(s)	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed	1.					
6) Claim(s) <u>1, 4, 7, and 10</u> is/are	•					
7) Claim(s) is/are objecte						
8) Claim(s) are subject to	restriction and/or el	ection requirement				
Application Papers						
9)☐ The specification is objected to	o by the Examiner.					
10) The drawing(s) filed on	•	ed or b)□ objected	d to by the Examiner.			
Applicant may not request that a	ny objection to the drav	wing(s) be held in ab	eyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) in	ncluding the correction	is required if the drav	wing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)☐ The oath or declaration is obje	ected to by the Exam	iner. Note the attac	ched Office Action or form PTO-152.			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			. ·			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a a) All b) Some * c) Non	• •	ority under 35 U.S.	C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).			
1. ☐ Certified copies of the	oriority documents ha	ave been received.	,			
2. Certified copies of the	oriority documents ha	ave been received	in Application No			
			een received in this National Stage			
application from the Int						
* See the attached detailed Offic	e action for a list of t	he certified copies	not received.			
Attachment(s)						
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)		4) 🔲 Intervi	iew Summary (PTO-413)			
 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing R 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/ 		Paper	No(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application			
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	30/00)	6) Other:	· ·			

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1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

2. Claims 1, 4, 7, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over WO 01/25359.

The reference discloses polyurethane diacrylates and powder coatings derived from the polyurethane diacrylates, wherein the polyurethane diacrylates are produced from the reaction of hexane diisocyanate with ethylene glycol, butanediol, and hydroxyethyl acrylate in a molar ratio that meets that claimed. See example 5 on page 46 and examples 3 and 4 on pages 49-51. Though other mixtures of diols are not exemplified that specifically meet those claimed, the reference does disclose the use of other diol species that meet those claimed at page 22, lines 18-25. Since the diols of the exemplified blend are included within this listing of diols, this listing essentially establishes the equivalency of the disclosed other diol species to those of the example. Accordingly, it would have been *prima facie* obvious to utilize any of the disclosed diols in the

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form of blends in the production of the polyurethane diacrylates, in accordance with the teachings of the example.

3. As aforementioned within the Office action of January 17, 2007, applicants have argued that their invention yields unexpected results over the prior art and have provided 37 CFR 1.132 declarations to demonstrate these results. The examiner has considered applicants' declarations; however, the declarations are deficient, because the examples of the declarations are not commensurate in scope with the claims. The claims encompass fractional values of X and molar ratios of the diols that are not exemplified within the declaration. For example, it would seem that the most relevant showings would be where X equals 2.5, since the claims encompass such a value and the prior art specifically exemplifies such a value; however, no showings have been provided for this value. It has been held that evidence of unexpected results must pertain to the full extent of the subject matter claimed. In re Ackermann, 170 USPQ 340; In re Chupp, 2 USPQ2d 1437, 1440; In re Murch, 175 USPQ 89. Accordingly, it has been held that to overcome a reasonable case of prima facie obviousness, a given claim must be commensurate in scope with any showing of unexpected results. In re Greenfield, 197 USPQ 227. Furthermore, it has been held that a limited showing of criticality is insufficient to support a broadly claimed range. In re Lemin, 161 USPQ 288. For these reasons, the position is maintained that applicants' declaration is insufficient to overcome the prior art rejection. The examiner has considered the arguments within the response of April 23, 2007; however, it is not seen that the arguments adequately address the aforementioned issues. Despite applicants' response, the fact remains that showings have not been provided that establish unexpected results relative to the closest teachings of the prior art, i.e.; examples where x=2.5.

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4. It is noted that WO 01/25359 corresponds to U.S. Patent 6,825,241.

5. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time

policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO

MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after

the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37

CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event,

however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing

date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication should be directed to R. Sergent at telephone

number (571) 272-1079.

RABON SERGENT

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R. Sergent July 14, 2007